PRESENTED BY

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ASQ 701 ORANGE EMPIRE

- What is Change?
- There are minor changes and major changes
- Change is a metamorphosis of changing environment and conditions around us
- Nobody can resist or stop changes
- It is in the best interest for all to change with time
- There is always resistance to change

- It Is Not Possible To Stop Minor Changes. It Is Nature Of Business.
- Major Changes Are Dictated By Circumstances
 Sometimes Beyond Business Control.

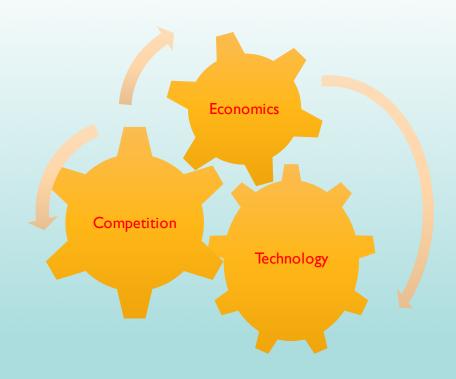
- EXAMPLES OF MAJOR CHANGES
- Motorola Phones and Nokia.
- Automotive Industry GM and Ford etc.
- Coca-Cola formulation
- Caterpillar
- Oil and Gas Industry

- Who likes change? Why not status quo?
- Change is most frequently dictated by external forces.
- We will speak about changes that are brought upon by various factors surrounding a business.

AGENDA:

- REASONS FOR CHANGE
- WHEN IS THE TIME TO CHANGE
- INITIATE CHANGE
- MAKING CHANGE
- MANAGE AND MAINTAINTHE CHANGE

REASON FOR CHANGE



REASONS FOR CHANGE

- ECONOMICS
- COMPETITION
- TRANSFORMING ORGANIZATIONS -TECHNOLOGY

REASONS FOR CHANGE

- ECONOMICS
- SLIDING PROFITS
 - INCREASING COST OF PRODUCTION
 - LABOR BURDEN
 - OLD PROCESSES AND TOOLS
 - AGING WORKFORCE
 - REDUCED MARGINS
 - RAW MATERIAL OBSOLESCENCE

REASONS FOR CHANGE

- COMPETITION
 - Global Manufacturing
 - Speed To Market
 - Design Changes
 - Global Communications
 - Web and Internet Services

REASONS FOR CHANGE

TRANSFORMING ORGANIZATIONS – TECHNOLOGY

- Software developments
 - Alternate solutions
 - Social Media
- Application of new technologies from other industries
- New product development
- Alternate products

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WHEN IS THE TIME TO CHANGE

- KEY PROCESS INDICATORS
 - Declining revenues- sales
 - Declining Profits
 - Significant increase in customer complaints
 - Dip in Employee satisfaction- Increased turnover
 - Shareholder flight.

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INITIATE CHANGE

TOP MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY

- Use Management tools.
- Get outside help (Consultants if required)
- Provide clear direction for change
- Commit full support to change
- Communicate the urgency of change

INITIATE CHANGE

TOP MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY

- Identify Areas That Need Attention
- Form A Coalition Of Key Participants
- Delegate Authority And Assign Responsibilities.
- Provide Support
- Ensure Participation At All Levels
- Be Involved At All Levels

INITIATE CHANGE

- Establish A Sense Of Urgency
- Elevate Crisis To High Level Survive Or Perish
- Communicate: Spread The Urgency
 Throughout The Organization At All Levels –
- Increase Communication Of Oncoming
 Changes To Heighten The Sense Of Urgency

HOWTO INITIATE CHANGE

TOP MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

- Build A <u>Coalition</u> Among Key Players
- Ensure The Top Management Is A Part Of The Coalition
- Establish A Top Level Cross Functional Team Team
 To Guide The Change
- Remove Nay Sayers And Break Barriers With Procrastinators.

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- Announce the crisis in clear terms
- Create A War Room
- Build A Coalition Among Key Players
- Create Cross Functional Teams With Representatives From All Departments.
- Ensure That There Is Agreement Between
 Department Managers To Provide Full Support
 To The Action Plan.

- Use of Quality Management Tools
 - Affinity Diagrams
 - Interrelationship Diagraph
 - Tree Diagrams
 - Matrix Diagrams
 - Matrix Data Analysis
 - Process decision Program Chart
 - Arrow Diagrams

- Change Must Be Led By A Key Management Personnel or a Consultant
- Use Quality Tools
 - Brainstorming
 - Pareto analysis
 - Identify Areas Of Improvements
 - Implement Solutions Using
 - Six sigma Methodology
 - Kaizen Events

- Select Projects (Six Sigma or Kaizen)
- Assign Champions
- Project Team Formation
- Set up Key matrices
- Meeting Schedules
- Etc.

MAKING CHANGE

ACCOUNTABILITY

- Top Management Must Own The Accountability For The Crisis.
- Set Up Metrics Related To The Crisis And Publish Reports
 On A Regular Basis.
- Remove Fear And Instill Confidence And Involvement At All Levels.
- Spread Positive Attitude

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MANAGE AND MAINTAIN THE CHANGE

- As Preached By Quality Gurus, The Change Has To Be Solidified And Maintained.
- Typically Control Measures Are Put In Place To Monitor The Change And Ensure That It Does Not Revert Back To Original Situation.
- A New Environment Is Created That Sparks
 Better Communications And Dialogue Among Key
 Players.

MANAGE AND MAINTAIN THE CHANGE

- Measure Your Progress Through External Validation
 Of Improvement In Business Brought By The
 Change
- Measure Before, During And After The Change.
- Post Change Projects On A Database To Be Shared Across The Organization
- Use Visual Boards To Show The Change

MANAGE AND MAINTAIN THE CHANGE

- Look at the Big Picture compare your stock price or profit before and after change
- Track the total \$ saved and revenue increases directly attributable to the change
- Measure Employee Satisfaction and Customer Satisfaction- increase/decrease in change related areas supposedly improved
- Ensure that the changes are aligned with product/service and customer deliverables
- All employees in this recessed business environment have a duty to ensure success of change.

REVIEW OF CHANGE MANAGEMENT

- REASONS FOR CHANGE
- WHEN IS THE TIME TO CHANGE
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- MAKING CHANGE
- MANAGE AND MAINTAIN THE CHANGE



QUESTIONS AND COMMENTS

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